ELK POINT SANITATION DISTRICT CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

ARTICLE I PURPOSE

The purpose of the conflict of interest policy is to protect the interest of Elk Point Sanitation District (District) when it is contemplating entering into a transaction or arrangement that might benefit the private interest of an Officer or Trustee of the District or might result in a possible excess benefit transaction. This policy is intended to supplement but not replace any applicable state and federal laws governing conflict of interest applicable to nonprofit organizations.

ARTICLE II DEFINITIONS

Section 1. Interested Person Any Trustee or Officer, who has a direct or indirect financial interest, as defined below, is an interested person.

Section 2. Financial Interest A person has a financial interest if the person has, directly or indirectly, through business, investment, or family:

- a. An ownership or investment interest in any entity with which the District has a transaction or arrangement,
- b. A compensation arrangement with the District or with any entity or individual with which the District has a transaction or arrangement, or
- c. A potential ownership or investment interest in, or compensation arrangement with, any entity or individual with which the District is negotiating a transaction or arrangement.
- d. Compensation includes direct and indirect remuneration as well as gifts or favors that are not insubstantial. A financial interest is not necessarily a conflict of interest. Under Article III, Section 2, a person who has a financial interest may have a conflict of interest only if the appropriate Board of Trustees decides that a conflict of interest exists.

ARTICLE III PROCEDURES

Section 1. Duty to Disclose In connection with any actual or possible conflict of interest, an interested person must disclose the existence of the financial interest and be given the opportunity to disclose all material facts to the Trustees considering the proposed transaction or arrangement.

Section 2. Determining Whether a Conflict of Interest Exists After disclosure of the financial interest and all material facts, and after any discussion with them, the interested persons shall leave the Board of Trustees meeting while the determination of a conflict of interest is discussed and voted upon. The remaining Trustees shall decide if a conflict of interest exists.

Section 3. Procedures for Addressing the Conflict of Interest

- a. An interested person may make a presentation at the Board of Trustees meeting, but after the presentation, they shall leave the meeting during the discussion of, and the vote on, the transaction or arrangement involving the possible conflict of interest.
- b. The chairperson of the Board of Trustees shall, if appropriate, appoint a disinterested person to investigate alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement.
- c. After exercising due diligence, the Board of Trustees shall determine whether the District can obtain, with reasonable efforts, a more advantageous transaction or arrangement from a person or entity that would not give rise to a conflict of interest.
- d. If a more advantageous transaction or arrangement is not reasonably possible under circumstances not producing a conflict of interest, the Board of Trustees shall determine by a majority vote of the disinterested directors whether the transaction or arrangement is in the District's best interest, for its own benefit, and whether it is fair and reasonable. In conformity with the above determination, it shall make its decision as to whether to enter into the transaction or arrangement.

Section 4. Violations of the Conflict of Interest Policy

- a. If the Board of Trustees has reasonable cause to believe a member has failed to disclose actual or possible conflicts of interest, it shall inform the member of the basis for such belief and afford the member an opportunity to explain the alleged failure to disclose.
- b. If, after hearing the member's response and after making further investigation as warranted by the circumstances, the Board of Trustees determines the member has failed to disclose an actual or possible conflict of interest, it shall take appropriate disciplinary and corrective action.

ARTICLE IV RECORDS OF PROCEEDINGS

The minutes of the Board of Trustees shall contain:

- a. The names of the persons who disclosed or otherwise were found to have a financial interest in connection with an actual or possible conflict of interest, the nature of the financial interest, any action taken to determine whether a conflict of interest was present, and the Board of Trustees decision as to whether a conflict of interest in fact existed.
- b. The names of the persons who were present for discussions and votes relating to the transaction or arrangement, the content of the discussion, including any alternatives to the

proposed transaction or arrangement, and a record of any votes taken in connection with the proceedings.

ARTICLE V ANNUAL STATEMENTS

Each trustee and principal officer shall annually sign a statement which affirms such person:

- a. Has received a copy of the conflict of interest policy,
- b. Has read and understands the policy,
- c. Has agreed to comply with the policy, and
- d. Understands the District is nonprofit and in order to maintain its federal tax exemption it must engage primarily in activities that accomplish one or more of its tax-exempt purposes.

ARTICLE VI PERIODIC REVIEWS

To ensure the District operates in a manner consistent with nonprofit purposes, and does not engage in activities that could jeopardize its tax-exempt status, periodic reviews shall be conducted. The periodic reviews shall, at a minimum, include the following subjects:

- a. Whether compensation arrangements and benefits are reasonable, based on competent survey information, and the result of arm's length bargaining.
- b. Whether partnerships, joint ventures, and arrangements with management organizations conform to the District's written policies, are properly recorded, reflect reasonable investment or payments for goods and services, further nonprofit purposes and do not result in inurement, impermissible private benefit, or in an excess benefit transaction.

ARTICLE VII USE OF OUTSIDE EXPERTS

When conducting the periodic reviews, as provided for in Article VI, the District may, but need not, use outside advisors. If outside experts are used, their use shall not relieve the Board of Trustees of its responsibility for ensuring periodic reviews are conducted.

Approved and adopted by the Elk Point Sanitation District Board of Trustees on May 12, 2025

Doreen Andriacchi

Elk Point Sanitation District Board Secretary

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